



The Rotary Iron A brief introduction

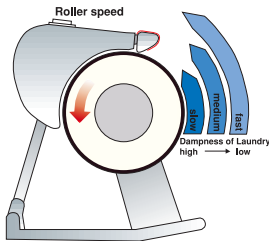


The Ironing Result

The ironing result depends on temperature, roller speed of the iron as well as dampness of laundry.




Temperature

Heat makes the laundry easier to form. The higher the temperature the more permanent the result of ironing. The temperature selector is used to set the ironing temperature. The individual temperature range is distinguished by dot symbols. The pilot lamp goes out when the selected temperature is reached.



Roller speed

The roller speed can be adjusted by the roller speed selector. A lower roller speed makes it much easier when ironing complicated articles such as shirts or articles that are to be ironed folded. Thinner single articles, such as tea towels can be ironed at a higher roller speed.

	Perlon/artificial silk 200 degree F
	Silk/Wool 300 degree F
	Cotton/Linen 400 degree F

Dampness of laundry

When ironing an article with a high degree of dampness, a low speed of the iron is recommended. The article will be dried slowly when passing through the rotary iron. When ironing an article with a low degree of dampness, a high speed of the iron is adequate to receive a good result. Dampening an item with a spray mister will increase your result. If a Miele tumble dryer is being used, select the program marked "Machine iron". To minimize preparation time and to redampen, use warm water.

Frequently Asked Questions

How long is the heating-up time for the iron?
3-4 minutes to pre-heat the iron.

How long does it take to iron a sheet?
2-4 minutes.

How long does it take to iron a shirt?
3-4 minutes.

How many napkins can I iron per hour?
Approximately 100 napkins.

What are the three settings of the foot pedal?

- 1) *pressed down: ironing and roller moves*
- 2) *intermediate position (lift your foot slightly): just pressing, roller does not move*
- 3) *off*

How safe is the use of the iron?

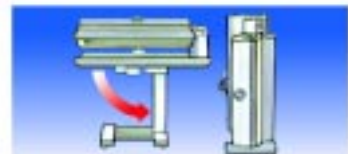
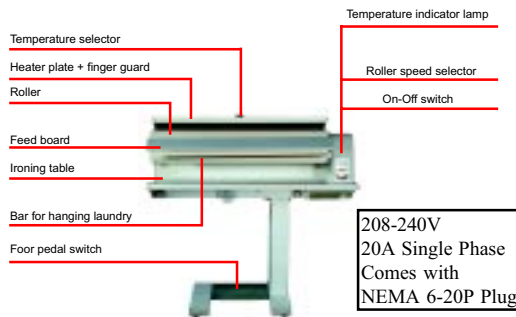
If during the ironing process you lose power, press the black heater plate release button to remove the item. A special feature of the rotary iron is the finger guard. If your fingers touch the heater plate, the roller stops rotating and the heater plate lifts off.

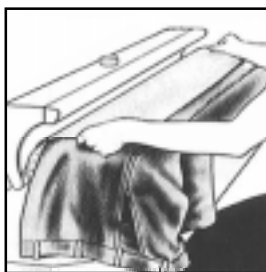
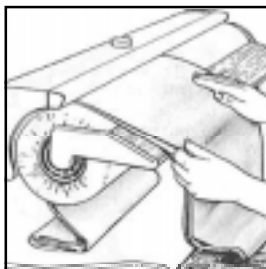
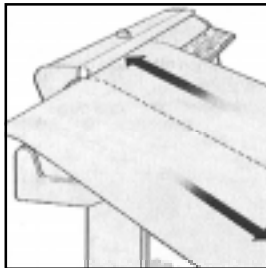
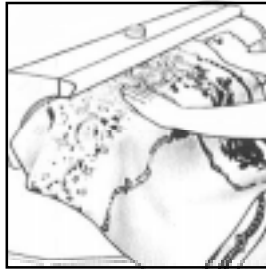
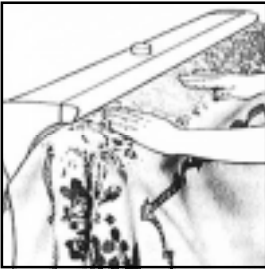
Can I replace the ironing cover?

Yes, ironing covers are available from your nearest Miele Dealer or Miele Service Department.

How much space do I need to store the iron?

When folded away the iron requires a minimum of floor space - 2.4 square feet. The four rollers allow the iron to be easily moved.





Tablecloths

Iron the middle first to avoid creases.

- Lay the tablecloth crossways so that the ends hang over to the right and left.
- Then fold along the width.
- Iron the un-ironed section on both sides using the left-hand side of the roller.
- Let the ironed middle section hang over the left end of the roller so that no crease is produced.
- After folding, iron again if necessary.

Sheets and bedspreads

Sheets may be ironed like tablecloths, or if a lengthwise fold is acceptable, fold the sheet together lengthwise and iron it on both sides.

Duvet covers

- Button the duvet cover. Start the first run by carefully feeding in the closed button strip on the left side of the roller.

To iron without a fold:

- Iron one side of the duvet cover, flip over, and iron on the other side.

If folds are acceptable:

- Fold the duvet cover lengthwise and iron from left and right.

Pillow cases

- First iron the fastened button strip (as with duvet covers)
- Then iron the whole pillow case on both sides

Trousers

- Crease the trousers and lay on the roller. The area from the waistband to the crotch should hang down over the left-hand edge of the roller.
- Cover the crease with a damp cloth then turn the roller by hand until the part of the trousers to be ironed is covered by the heater plate, and iron.
- Iron each crease from both sides in this manner.

Shirts

Remove feed board before ironing shirts!

1. Sleeves and cuffs

- Smooth out the sleeve and lay it on the roller.
- Leave the cuff for the moment.
- Iron the arm from the edge of the cuff to the armhole.
- Iron both sides of the cuffs on the edge of the roller.

2. Shoulder yoke/back

Shirts with a shoulder yoke:

- Fold the back along the yoke seam.
- Lay the yoke as shown in the illustration, diagonally on the roller and then iron from the shoulder to the collar.
- Remove shirt, rearrange and repeat on the other side.

3. Back

The back is ironed in two movements, from the middle back to the side seams.

- Pull the shirt right side up on to the roller up to the yoke seam (or the collar seam where there is no yoke). Smooth it out. Iron from the middle of the back to the armhole. The last bit under the arm is ironed with the front.
- Iron the other half of the shirt as the first half but inside out.

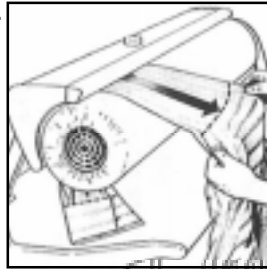
4. Front sides

- Lay the front on to the left-hand end of the roller, iron from the bottom hem up to the armhole so that the unironed part of the back can be ironed.
- Start with the left side.
- Now move the shirt out and iron past the armhole to the collar.
- Iron the right hand side, but inside out.

5. Collar

- The Collar is ironed on both sides using the left-hand end of the roller. Then turn down the collar and press lightly, holding taut.

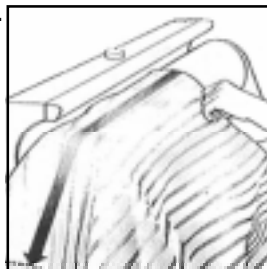
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